

Cycling and Walking


## What defines a cyclist?



How we travelled [NTS0303]


Why we travelled [NTS0409]
The most common trip purposes were:

People made 739 trips on average in 2020, or 14 trips a week. This was a $22 \%$ decrease on the level in 2019 prior to the coronavirus pandemic, where people made an average of 953 trips per year.

People travelled an average of 4,334 miles in 2020, a $33 \%$ decrease from the 6,500 miles in 2019

On average, people spent around 269 hours travelling in 2020 (around 44 minutes per day), down $27 \%$ from the 370 hours of travelling in 2019

Cars remained the most popular mode of travel, making up $58 \%$ of all trips in 2020 (a decrease of 3 percentage points from 2019), and $81 \%$ of all miles travelled (an increase of 4 percentage points from 2019). Many more trips were walked in 2020 than 2019, with a 6 percentage point increase to $32 \%$ of all trips in 2020

The most common trip purpose in 2020 was for leisure, with $23 \%$ of journeys being made for this purpose. Shopping trips took up 19\% of the average persons trip number in this year. These two were also the most popular purposes in 2019.

New York City Department of Transport - because of the development of cycle lanes the levels of cycling increased by $250 \%$ from 2006 to 2014. The secret to this success is segregated cycle lanes which must be continuous - 'A bicycle lane that is not safe for an eight-year-old is not a bicycle way'. Between 2000 and 2014 there was a rise in cycling NYC of around $450 \%$ but the number of serious cycle related injuries fell from 440 to 341.


The future [present] for bikes.


The big problem - getting the thing fixed and serviced!


